

План урока “London sightseeing tour”

Гуськов Александр Игоревич МАУ СОШ №36

Основная цель урока:

- создать условия для формирования социокультурной компетенции.

Образовательный аспект цели:

- проверить умение учащихся воспринимать иноязычную речь учителя и одноклассников;
- обучать общению на иностранном языке;
- продолжить формировать умения работать во времени;
- расширить лингвистический кругозор учащихся.

Развивающий аспект:

- развивать языковые способности учащихся;
- развивать инициативность учащихся в обучении.

Воспитательный аспект:

- формировать у учащихся интерес и уважение к культуре и народу страны изучаемого языка;
- поддерживать интерес к учению.

Тип урока:

Урок проверки, оценки, корректировки знаний, умений, навыков.

Средства обучения. Оборудование:

- компьютерный класс, проектор, экран
- раздаточный тестовый материал для проверки знаний учащихся.

The Plan of the Lesson.

I. The beginning of the lesson.

a) Greeting.

TEACHER: Good afternoon, our dear guests and pupils.

PUPILS: Good afternoon.

TEACHER: Sit down, please.

b) Introduction of the lesson's theme.

TEACHER: I'm glad to see you. How are you? Today we are going to have an interesting trip together. The theme of our lesson is "**London sightseeing tour**". I invite you to travel to the capital of the United Kingdom. We are going to revise all you know about London and do some quizzes.

II. Warm-up.

a) **TEACHER:** Before we start our tour, let's talk about London in general. I have some information for you about the main sights of London. Listen to me carefully, because this will help you with the quizzes.

PUPILS: Listen to the teacher and look at the projecting pictures of the sights of London.

Text:

As you know, London stands on **the river Thames**. London, the capital of Great Britain, is a very old city. It is two thousand years old. Many years ago London was a small town on the Thames. Now London is a big port and a beautiful city with large squares and parks. About 8 million people live here. London is one of the biggest cities in the world. The Thames is not a long river. The English people call it "The Father of London". London began on the Thames.

And now we start our tour from **Tower Bridge**. Tower Bridge is the only Thames bridge, which can be raised.

If you want to see London the best place to go is The Eye. **London Eye** is a big wheel on the river Thames. The Eye is very popular. Every day 1600 people go to the eye. There are 33 capsules and one ride takes 30 minutes. The Eye

is very tall – 133 meters. At the top of the Eye you get a great view of London. You can see Buckingham Palace.

Buckingham Palace is the London home of the kings and queens of Great Britain. Now the Queen Elizabeth lives there. When the flag is flying on the top, she is at home. Buckingham Palace has 600 rooms, a swimming pool, a cinema, a ballroom and a garden. In summer the Queen gives three garden parties for about 9000 guests. The ceremony of **the Changing of the Guard** at Buckingham Palace is a great tourist attraction. It takes place every day at 11.30 a.m. and lasts half an hour. To the sounds of music the guardsmen in their traditional suits arrive and give the palace keys to another group.

On the right side of the Thames you can see **the Tower of London**. The Tower of London is a very old building. It is 9 hundred years old. In the early days of the history of England the English Kings lived here. Then it was a prison where many people died. Black ravens had much food near the walls of the Tower in those years. Black ravens live outside the Tower now. The English people like them very much. A man looks after the ravens and gives them food in the morning and in the evening. The ravens have names. The legend says that without them the Tower will fall. The Tower of London is a museum now. In the museum you can see many old guns. At 10 o'clock every evening the guards lock the big doors of the Tower for the night.

And now we are making our way to **the Houses of Parliament**. The famous clock Big Ben stands near the Houses of Parliament. The country's leaders speak in the Houses of Parliament. The men and women there are the voice of the British people. You can see Big Ben and the Houses of Parliament from Westminster Bridge. Tourists in London always want to visit Westminster and see **Big Ben**. They want to see the clock in its tower and to hear the bells. Big Ben is really a bell. It is a big bell. The bell weights 13 tons. The man who built Big Ben was very tall and workers and his friends called him Big Ben. So the English people called the bell Big Ben too.

We are coming now to **Westminster Abbey**. Westminster Abbey is a historic building. It is a symbol of England. The coronation of all British kings and queens takes place in Westminster Abbey. Some famous English people are also buried here. Westminster Abbey is a very beautiful building.

You can see **Trafalgar Square** it is a famous square in the centre of London. In the middle of it a monument to Admiral Nelson is situated. The monument includes four bronze lions. To the left you can see the National Gallery. It has a fine collection of European paintings.

Go for a walk to **St. James Park** or to **Hyde Park**.

Hyde Park is the famous park in London. Londoners can walk and run in the park, eat their sandwiches, talk, sunbathe, read books and enjoy music. There are no signs like "Do not walk on the grass". In the park anyone can stand up and say what they want. It is a very democratic park.

My dear students, our London sightseeing tour is over. I hope you liked it. Thank you for attention.

III. Work on the text.

a) Work on the completed text, task 1.

The teacher gives the task.

TEACHER: Now I think you are ready to do some tasks after you've listened to the text. You have to finish the sentences about London's sights.

- The pupils finish the sentences.
- The teacher corrects them if they are wrong.

Finish the sentences:

1) Big Ben is a

-palace

-a bell

-a square

2) The queen lives in

-the Tower of London

-Buckingham palace

-Windsor palace

3) The Bloody Tower is

-The Tower of London

-The Houses of Parliament

-Westminster Abbey

4) We can see a statue to Admiral Nelson in

- Trafalgar Square

-Big Ben

- Buckingham palace

5) London stands on the river

-Volga

-Thames

-Mississippi

6) The man who built Big Ben was very

-tall

-short

-fat

7) When the ____ is flying on the top of the Buckingham Palace the queen is at home.

-flag

-plane

-towel

8) ____ was previously a prison.

-the Tower of London

-Westminster Abbey

-London Zoo

9) ____ is a symbol of the Tower of London.

-black ravens

-white cats

-yellow parrots

10) Without ravens the Tower will ____

-fall

-fly away

-rise up

11) The Tower of London is a ____ now.

-shop

-museum

-restaurant

12) ____ takes place in Westminster Abbey.

-the coronation of British Kings and Queens

-a royal party

-a dining ceremony

13) Trafalgar Square is a famous square in the ____

-centre

-west side

-east side

14) The monument of Admiral Nelson includes four bronze ____

-monkeys

-lions

-dogs

15) Hyde Park is the famous ____ in London.

-garden

-park

-square

16) Londoners can do ____ in Hyde park, because it's a democratic park.

-whatever they want

-nothing

-homework

b) The second task.

TEACHER: Now look at the projecting picture, this is another task, you have to match the words, do it one by one, please.

Match the words:

1. Buckingham	a. Eye
2. Trafalgar	b. People
3. Westminster	c. Thames
4. Big	d. Bridge
5. The Tower of	e. Abbey
6. The Houses of	f. Palace
7. Tower	g. Parliament
8. London	h. Square
9. British	i. Ben
10. The river	j. London

IV. Knowledge test.

TEACHER: I'm sure you know a lot about London and its sights now. But let's find out who knows more about this theme. I have a small test for you. Do it individually.

V. Hometask.

TEACHER: At home you will make a postcard with the description of one of the sights of London.